

THE CHAPTERS OF THE CHARTER.

Finished by the Greater New York Sub-Committee on Draft.

Consolidated Territory Divided into Nine Boroughs, with One Mayor.

General Government of the City Placed in the Hands of the Municipal Assembly.

DUTIES OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE.

He Has Power to Remove and Appoint, but He, Too, May Be Displaced by the Governor After an Investigation.

Five chapters of the Greater New York Charter, as prepared by the Sub-Committee on Draft, that consists of Lawyer William C. De Witt, of Brooklyn; Assistant Corporation Counsel David J. Dean, of this city; District Attorney Finney, of Richmond County; and ex-Mayor Gilroy, have been completed. Following is an explanatory letter concerning the work from the chairman of the sub-committee:

Long Beach, L. I., July 25, 1896.
To the Editor of the Journal, New York:
These first five chapters of the charter of Greater New York, as composed by the Sub-Committee on Draft, must be judged to whole and in part conformably to the law of association; because in so vast and complicated a work each part is qualified and limited by its relations to the whole.

For example: the division of the city into boroughs or districts contained in the first chapter has suggested to many minds a disturbance of the unity and integrity of the municipality, and to others the possibility of a multiplicity of offices entailing unnecessary expense.

A careful reading of the chapters on the legislative and executive powers will show that the unity and integrity of the city is carried to a point of the utmost centralization. And other chapters yet to be published will make it clear that, with the exception of deputy administrative officers to be located in the Borough of Brooklyn, the Borough of Queens and the Borough of Richmond, all being absolutely under

wards, inclusive, the Twenty-fourth to the Twenty-eighth wards, inclusive, and the Thirty-second Ward.

Queens—Newtown, Flushing and Jamaica, and that part of the town of Hempstead in Queens County westerly of a straight line drawn from the southeasterly point of the town of Flushing through the middle of the channel between Rockaway Beach and Shelter Island, to the Atlantic Ocean.

Richmond—Richmond County.
Charges and liabilities existing against the different municipal corporations will be assumed by the new city, as well as all other obligations, including those of Richmond County. Present laws or parts of laws will remain in force.

Legislative Department.
For legislative purposes "the Municipal Assembly" is created, to consist of nineteen members, one of whom shall be the president, elected on a general ticket, at the same time and for the same term as that prescribed for the Mayor. Other members are to be chosen by borough boards, each board to have two, whose terms of office shall be two years. In the absence of the Mayor the President of the Council will act in his place, but he will not at such times have the power of appointment or removal unless the Mayor is absent ten days, or to "sign, approve or disapprove any ordinance or resolution" unless his absence shall have continued at least nine days.

The Board of Aldermen shall consist of one member from each Assembly district, and be in office for two years. Provision is made for the election of sergeants-at-arms, clerks and other assistants and their duties are defined. Records and papers now held by the Mayor and Aldermen shall pass into the custody of the clerk of the Board of Aldermen, those of Brooklyn into the care of the clerk of that borough, but still be in the control of the Municipal Assembly. The salary of the City Clerk is fixed at \$4,000, and he will have a corps of deputies. One session of the Municipal Assembly shall be held annually on the first Tuesday in February.

It will require a majority vote to pass an ordinance or resolution, but if either involves outlay of money, lease of land, or granting of a franchise a three-fourths vote will be necessary. No money shall be expended for any celebration, procession, funeral, reception or entertainment unless a four-fifths vote is secured. If the Mayor shall fail to approve or disapprove of these matters within ten days they will take effect without his signature.

Existing ordinances shall continue in force, but subject to amendment or repeal by the Municipal Assembly. The Board of Supervisors for Richmond County is abolished, and its duties will be performed by the Borough Board of Richmond and the Municipal Assembly. The latter body "shall have power to make, establish, alter, modify, amend and repeal all such ordinances, rules, police, health, excise, fire and building regulations, not contrary to the laws of the State, or the United States."

For Good Weight and Measure.
Rules for the guidance of scales of weights and measures, regulations in relation to the

shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and liable to punishment and penalties.

Borough Boards.
Each Borough Board shall consist of five members, elected by the people, who shall be residents of the borough at the time of their election. Members shall be elected at the general election in the year 1897, and biennially thereafter. Their term of office shall begin upon the first day of January succeeding their election, and shall continue two years.
The legislative action of a borough board shall be by ordinance or resolution, and every such ordinance or resolution shall be subject to the approval or disapproval of the Mayor, and it shall be passed conformably to the rules and regulations applicable to the ordinances or resolutions passed by the Municipal Assembly, except that a veto by the Mayor shall be final, and may not be overridden by such board. A borough board, subject to certain restrictions, shall have control of streets, hear complaints of nuisances, disorderly or gambling houses and may pass resolutions concerning the same. Each board will meet weekly and will have a clerk at a salary of \$2,000. In Queens the board shall consist of one member each from Long Island City, Newtown, Jamaica, Flushing and part of Hempstead. The Mayor, who will be elected at the general State election in 1897, and biennially thereafter, shall hold office two years. He will have the power to appoint and remove at will the heads of all departments except the Comptroller. These administrative departments will be established: Finance, treasury, audit, law, public works, public charities, correction, police, fire, health, public parks, taxes and

MACEDONIAN REVOLT IS GROWING SERIOUS.

Insurgents Are Cutting to Pieces the Turkish Troops Sent Against Them.

Seven Thousand Soldiers Are Massed on the Frontier, but Still the Insurrection Spreads.

AGAIN THE SPECTRE OF NIHILISM.

It is Likely to Largely Interfere with the Proposed Visit by the Czar of Russia to the Principal Continental Capitals.

Berlin, July 26.—Count Goluchowski, Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs, returned to Iesh for the purpose of holding an interview with Emperor Francis Joseph, after having had a conference with Prince Ho-

against the insurrection, which, under the influence of the successes already achieved by the insurgents in the field, is becoming stronger every day. Stimulated by these and similar reports, semi-official newspaper organs like the North German Gazette and the Cologne Gazette are taking a more definite tone in their articles commenting upon the gravity of the situation. The Cologne Gazette declares that unless the Powers interfere in an energetic way, instead of submitting proposals to the Porte, the troubles in Crete and Macedonia will never end.

The Bismarckian organs, on the other hand, are strongly opposed to any policy of interference on the part of Germany. The Neues Nachrichten declares that if Crete and Macedonia continue their efforts to throw off the Turkish yoke they must suffer the consequences. Europe cannot strike the peace of the world upon their account.

Americans at Bayreuth.

The Wagnerian festival at Bayreuth has attracted many of the most distinguished Germans and foreigners to that city. Among the crowds of Americans there are J. B. Jackson, First Secretary of the United States Embassy, and Mrs. Jackson, Misses Butler, Louise Dana, Natalie Curtis and H. R. Chamberlain, of New York; J. Douglas and J. Speyer, New York; Mrs. and the Misses Sproner, of Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Stern, of San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. Riney, of Oberlin, Ohio; the Misses Bellamy, of Wilmington, Del.; M. Baldwin, of Washington; E. Claggett, of Baltimore; Messrs. Blair and Peizer, of Charleston, S. C.; C.

TWO FOUND STARVING IN THE STREETS.

One Man, Arrested for Intoxication, Pleads Exhaustion from Hunger.

Receives Money from a Magistrate to Go to His Dying Child in a Connecticut Village.

THE OTHER MAN IN THE HOSPITAL.

Policeman Finds Him Ravenously Devouring an Ear of Raw Corn, and Gets It from Him Only After a Struggle.

Two stalwart men were found in the streets of Greater New York within twenty-four hours suffering from the exhaustion due to hunger. One of them, a man of about thirty years of age, was found by a policeman on the Bowery, near Heater street, early yesterday morning. He thought the man was drunk.

"Here, get up! Move along!" commanded the policeman, but the fallen man did not stir. Fearing the man had injured himself, Shriver bent over, but beyond the dull, heavy breathing there was nothing to show what was the matter. Calling to the patrol, the prisoner was taken to the police station, where he slept until daylight. Then, with a batch of old offenders, he was arraigned in Essex Market Police Court, before Magistrate Kudlich. The charge was drunkenness.

Wan and peaked of visage, with deeply sunken eyes and a general air of exhaustion, the man pleaded not guilty. "I am starving," he said, in a low, tremulous voice, that carried conviction with it. "I fell from exhaustion."

"Starving?" exclaimed the Magistrate. "Yes, starving! I haven't been able to get a stroke of work to do since April. I was turned out of house and home, and for two days I had wandered the streets, without sleep or food. Nor was that all. My little one is dying at Shelton, Conn., and I have no means to reach it."

"What is your name?" "Albert Rath. I am a silversmith by trade, and came to this city from Shelton, with my young wife about two years ago. A year later a baby girl was born, and all went well until last April, when, through the dullness of my trade, I lost my place. I was compelled to send my wife home to her mother with our child. Since then I have been unable to secure any work, and things have been going from bad to worse."

"I got a letter last week saying that my baby was dying. It was from my wife, and she begged me to come home." The Magistrate looked over the prisoner's letters and effects, and then discharged him. Rath turned in a bewildered manner toward the door.

"Have the man wait for me," said the Magistrate to a policeman.

When Magistrate Kudlich had finished court he bought Rath a good dinner and gave him the money to buy a railroad ticket to Shelton. To-day he is with his wife and his dying child.

In a ward in Bellevue Hospital yesterday was a man who, the night before, had been found almost dead from hunger. He was Christian Miller, who had lived at No. 339 First street, his former home. He had been compelled to leave three weeks ago, however, because he couldn't pay the rent. From Thursday he had neither slept nor eaten. On Saturday night a crowd of boys found him at Sixty-fourth street and First avenue. He was ravenously devouring an ear of raw corn.

The boys called Policeman Doherty, of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station. It was only after a struggle that the man yielded up the ear of corn. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital. He fought like a madman all the way there.

At first it was believed that his mind was unbalanced. On examination it was found he was suffering from extreme hunger.

Whittaker's Child Still Missing.
Frank Whittaker, the father of little Ida Whittaker, whose mother left home several days ago, taking the child with her, has not succeeded in finding his daughter. Her father has, as was told in the Journal yesterday, increased the reward for the child to \$1,000. It was said at Mr. Whittaker's yesterday that a man had told him that the mother of the child had gone to Pittsburg to go into business.

Taxa Char. India-Ceylon Tea. Ask your grocer for it.—Adv't.

DEATH COMES FAST IN THIS FAMILY

Colorado's Storm Robs a Newark Man of Five Dear Relatives.

Within a Year He Had Previously Lost Wife, Daughter, Father and Brother.

PROSTRATED BY THE LAST BLOW

Mrs. Herres, Who with Her Four Children Perished Near Morrison, Col., on Friday. Was the Sister of This Grievously Afflicted Man.

After a year of continuous bereavements, Charles F. McGuire, of Newark, has just had added to his cup of grief the news that his sister and her four children perished miserably in Colorado last Friday, as victims of the cloudburst near Morrison and Golden, in that State. He is almost prostrated by this latest shock.

Mr. McGuire is a master plumber, living at No. 17 Fair street. Within the past twelve months he has lost, through death, his wife, a daughter, his father, a brother and a brother-in-law, the latter being the husband of the sister who has just been drowned.

This sister was Mrs. Lizzie Herres. She was thirty-one years of age, and until about ten years ago lived with her father at No. 267 Warren street, in Newark. She then married Anthony Herres, who kept a saloon at the corner of Sussex avenue and First street.

Seven years ago Mr. Herres went West and settled in Morrison, where he engaged in the laundry business. It proved successful, and Herres amassed a small fortune. About two months ago he burst a blood vessel and died suddenly, leaving, besides the widow, four children—Eugene, aged seven; Josephine, aged six; Carroll, aged four, and Mabel, aged two.

When Herres died Mr. McGuire went to Morrison to help his sister settle on the estate. He remained until two weeks ago, when he returned East, leaving Mrs. Herres and several families in the neighborhood arranging to go into camp for the balance of the Summer. They tried to induce him to wait and spend a week in camp with them, but his business would not permit it, so he returned here. Had he remained he would undoubtedly have met the fate of his sister and the other campers.

He first saw the news of the loss of his sister and her little ones in a brief newspaper dispatch. Then he received a telegram from a friend, saying that the entire family had been lost in the cloudburst. Just before the dispatch reached him he received a letter from his sister in which she spoke of the pleasant time in camp and the children were looking forward to. She also referred to a forthcoming visit she and her little ones intended to make him at his home here.

Mrs. Herres's death is a severe blow to a large circle of friends in Newark. She was a leading member of St. Joseph's Church, in the Second Ward, where she lived in this city.

CABLE CAR PASSENGERS HURT.

Colored Lad and a Chinaman Fall from Cars and Are for a Long Time Neglected.

Frank Deandbury, a colored youth, aged seventeen years, of No. 218 West Sixty-fourth street, jumped from a Columbus avenue cable car, between Sixty-second and Sixty-third streets, while it was in motion early yesterday morning. He struck against one of the elevated railroad pillars and was thrown to the pavement unconscious, where he was found moaning half an hour later by Policeman Gannon, of the West Sixty-eighth Street station, who carried him to Roosevelt Hospital. Deandbury was suffering with a severe scalp wound and injuries to the right arm. When the boy fell the car stopped for a moment, and then proceeded on its way without ascertaining what injuries the boy had sustained. Gum Wall, a Chinaman, thirty-five years old, who keeps a laundry at No. 77 East Houston street, was jostled from a Third Avenue cable car at Houston street, between the cable car and the elevated tracks, and remained prostrate on the pavement surrounded by a gaping crowd for fully half an hour before an ambulance came from Roosevelt Hospital, when it was found that he had received only an ugly looking scalp wound. The ambulance surgeon said that the only thing that saved Gum Wall from a fractured skull was his queue, which was cracked at the back of his head.



THE NINE BOROUGH INTO WHICH GREATER NEW YORK IS TO BE DIVIDED.

assessments, street cleaning, education. The Comptroller or head of the Finance Department, will be elected at the general election of 1897. He may be removed from office by the Governor. In case that office is vacant the Mayor shall fill it; the appointee to hold office until his successor has been elected. The chief of the Treasury Department will be the City Chamberlain, to be in power two years, the same as the auditors, and the Counsel to the Corporation.

The head of the Police Department will be called the Police Commissioner of the City of New York and hold office two years, as will the Commissioners of Public Works, Charities and Correction. The head of the Fire Department will be called the Fire Commissioner; of the Health Department, the Health Commissioner; of Public Parks, the President of the Department of Parks. The Board of Taxes and Assessments shall consist of a president and two commissioners, to hold office for six years; the Board of Docks, of three persons, residents of the city, to hold office for two years. The head of Street Cleaning Department shall be called the Commissioner of Street Cleaning, and be in office two years.

Mayor Must Keep Tally.

Once a year the Mayor shall notify the Municipal Assembly of the condition of the city and make recommendations. He is to be a magistrate. Every three months he will be required to give an account of the receipts and expenses of his office. The aggregate of the latter must not exceed \$20,000 a year. He shall appoint heads of departments, including Commissioners of Accounts, who every three months shall examine the receipts and disbursements of the City of New York, and report to the Mayor. The Municipal Assembly may remove any of these officers, except that the Governor may direct the inquiry to be conducted by the Attorney General. After the charges have been received by the Governor he may, pending the investigation, suspend the Mayor for thirty days.

Two More Single Taxers Jailed.
Dover, Del., July 26.—James O'Neill, of Philadelphia, was arrested as a single-taxer last night and given thirty days in jail. Dr. Longstreet, manager of the movement in Dover, was also lodged in jail under a similar sentence yesterday afternoon. Eleven in all are now in jail.

henlohe, the German Chancellor, at the latter's chateau at Alt-Aussee, and reached Vienna on Thursday. On the day of his return Count Goluchowski had an interview with Count Nigra, the Italian Ambassador to Austria, and since then Count Nigra has been summoned to Rome by the Marquis Visconti-Venosta, the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs.

These comings and goings of diplomatic chiefs cannot be attributed to any other cause than the gravity of the situation in the East. A concert of the Powers has failed to effect any good results, and the events which are now taking place completely overwhelm diplomacy.

Rising in Macedonia Is Serious.

According to telegraphic advices received here yesterday, the rising of the insurgents in Macedonia has become extremely formidable. Greece, while pretending to take stringent measures against any persons engaging in a raid upon the Macedonian frontier, has allowed upward of 600 men, all of them armed with Lebel rifles, to enter Macedonia from Greek territory.

These men, after surprising and cutting to pieces the Turkish troops at Moussa, succeeded in repulsing a strong force of Turkish soldiers which had been sent from Salonica to reinforce the Monastir troops. A dispatch to the Vossische Zeitung says that the redifs (reserves) who have been called out under an order from the Sultan, are showing a disposition to revolt in consequence of the fact that their pay is very much in arrears and the rations which are being issued to them are very bad in quality and very small in quantity.

A special dispatch received by the Neue Freie Presse from Salonica on Thursday says that the statements made by the Turkish officials concerning the situation are all calculated to conceal the desperate condition of affairs in Macedonia. Hard fighting is going on almost every day at Pristina, Serres and at all points in the Perin Mountains. The Turkish reserves are being equipped and sent to the front as rapidly as possible, and it is estimated that the total number of Turkish troops concentrated on the Macedonian and Bulgarian frontiers exceeds 7,000 men.

Even this force, however, has not been found sufficient to make any headway

Bradley, of Pittsburg, Pa., and Mrs. Ponsbury Shaw, of Philadelphia. The dates of the Czar's proposed visit to the principal Continental capitals, if in deed they have been fixed, are being kept very dark. Recent announcements have been made that his trip is becoming more uncertain daily and Nihilism seems to be the spectre which is standing in His Majesty's way. All that is now known of his intentions is that it is his purpose to visit Vienna, Berlin and, probably, Paris, but when the visits will take place it is impossible to say.

Dr. Luetgenau, the Socialist Deputy in the Reichstag, in a speech delivered to the Socialists of Posen yesterday, declared that the Socialists had no definite programme, their primary object being to destroy the existing society and government. When the downfall of these institutions is achieved the Socialists would formulate a platform upon which they would build.

The Vorwarts, the leading Socialist organ, declares that the delegates comprising the coming International Socialist Congress in London will steadfastly refuse to admit anarchists into the Congress. The Neues Nachrichten declares that this declaration of the Vorwarts is mere hypocrisy. The Socialists and Anarchists, the Nachrichten declares, are brothers, the latter being the more impatient about attaining their aims. The Emperor has accepted the invitation of Prince Luitpold, Prince Regent of Bavaria, to review the Bavarian army corps at Würzburg on September 18. This is regarded as a counterblast against the particularist agitation in Bavaria and other South German States.

If You Have a Worrying Cough or any Lung or Throat Trouble use at once Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and don't parley with what may prove to be a dangerous condition.

For the Liver, use Jayne's Painless Sanative Pills.—Adv't.

CARPETS
MIDSUMMER SALE OF
Wilton Velvets.

500 pieces, choice designs, in various grades, to suit all tastes. Prices LOWER THAN EVER BEFORE QUOTED.

MATTINGS! MATTINGS!

Just received, a cargo of PAXTON CHINA MATTING, to close out from \$3.50 per roll of 60 yards.

SHEPPARD KNAPP & CO.,
513 N. AVENUE, 13TH AND 14TH STS.

the one head of the chief municipality, the boroughs have no officers except a local board of five in each, who serve without compensation and who are to take care of local improvements, the payment for which is exacted in advance from a district of assessment within the borough, or from the borough itself, and to care for and look after such bums and neighborhood matters as may be intrusted to them by the Municipal Assembly of the unique and supreme city.

As the work herewith submitted lies in a realm of law regarded as a specialty even by those learned in the profession, the intelligence of the press is earnestly solicited to give it that studious attention essential to such wise and just criticism as will truly enlighten the public and be of welcome service to the commission. Very respectfully yours,

Wm. H. Seligman

Name of the Greater City.

After specifying the different communities that are to be included in the consolidation, it is decided to call the new municipality the City of New York, and to divide it into nine boroughs, thus:

Bowling Green—All that part of the city south of Twenty-sixth street.

Manhattan—All that part of the city from Twenty-sixth to Fifty-ninth street.

Yorkville—All that part of the city from Fifty-ninth to One Hundred and Tenth street.

Harlem—From Yorkville, on the south, to Spuyten Duyck Creek and the Harlem River on the west and north, including Randall's and Hart's Islands, in the Harlem and East Rivers.

The Bronx—All the territory northerly or easterly of Harlem, between the Hudson and East Rivers, on Long Island Sound, including the other islands.

Brooklyn—That portion of that city from the First to the Twelfth Wards, inclusive, and the Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth.

Taxa Char. India-Ceylon Tea. Ask your grocer for it.—Adv't.

ARMS & CO
SIXTH AVE. 21ST TO 22ND ST.

MEN'S WHITE & NEGLIGEE SHIRTS In a large selection of new and desirable styles

1,000 Men's white Muslin Shirts, linen bosoms, open back and front, open back, some with pique bosoms, with plaited bosoms and plain linen bosoms, all made from an excellent muslin, finished in first-class style, and not one is worth less than \$1. and from that up to \$1.50; only sizes 16, 16-1/2, 17, 17-1/2, 18; no mail orders filled from this lot; at..... **.33**

Men's French Botany Flannel or silk striped Madras Negligee Shirts, made with white neckbands and wristbands; can wear any shape collar or cuff with them; fine furnishes' price \$2.50, ours..... **1.50**

Men's Madras Negligee Shirts, unadorned, made of the celebrated "Kerfrew Madras," known for its style and durability; made; we have a very large assortment of patterns in both checks and stripes; every shirt is well made and cut full, and is usually sold at a price which is worth cultivating; all sizes, 12 to 18, to go at..... **.49**

Men's Silk Negligee Shirts, made with white neckbands and wristbands; any shaped collar and cuffs can be worn with them; a splendid value, at..... **2.50**

Ladies' and Misses' Bathing Suits, made of a good quality of navy blue Flannel; ladies' sizes, 34 to 46; misses' sizes, 6 to 14 years; price..... **1.79**

Ladies' Bathing Suits, made of a superior quality of plain black Brilliantine, plaited front yoke effect; sizes 34 to 46; price..... **2.59**

Ladies' Bathing Suits, made of a fine quality of black Brilliantine, trimmed on yoke, collar and skirt with rows of white braid; sizes 34 to 46, at..... **2.98**

Men's two-piece Bathing Suits, in navy blue or black, at..... **.98**

Men's one-piece navy blue Flannel Bathing Suits, trimmed with white braid..... **1.50**

Men's two-piece fine all-wool navy blue Bathing Suits, worth \$2.50, at..... **1.**

Boys' navy blue Wool Flannel one-piece Bathing Suits, trimmed with white braid, all sizes, at..... **1.**

Boys' two-piece Bathing Suits, in navy blue, at..... **1.**